

Generalized Infrared Ellipsometry - a new tool for characterization of semiconductor heterostructures



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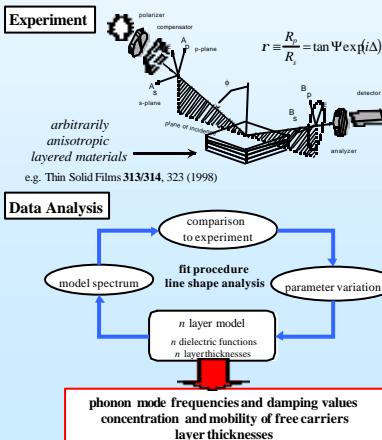
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Web: <http://www.uni-leipzig.de/~hlp/ellipsometrie>

Introduction

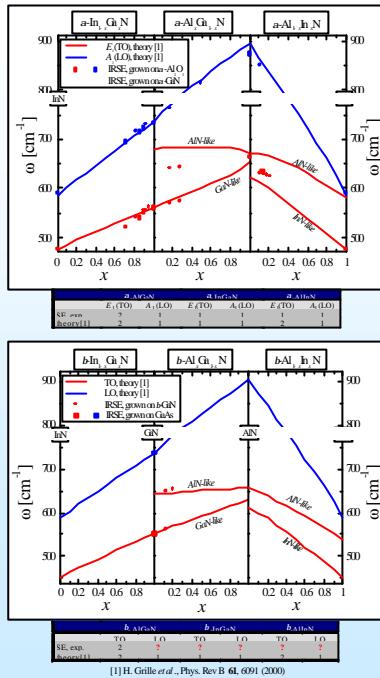
Lattice vibrations and free-carrier absorption dominate the infrared dielectric response of thin-film semiconductor heterostructures. **Infrared Spectroscopic Ellipsometry (IRSE)** determines thin-film lattice modes and coupled plasmon-phonon modes of (Al,Ga,In)-(N,P,As) materials. IRSE analysis of simple heterostructures establishes an infrared dielectric function database, which allows the simultaneous analysis of

- carrier properties (mobility and concentration) in *p*- and *n*-type doped device regions,
- geometry (layer thicknesses),
- morphology (composition and crystal quality), and
- strain in complex optoelectronic and electronic semiconductor device structures.

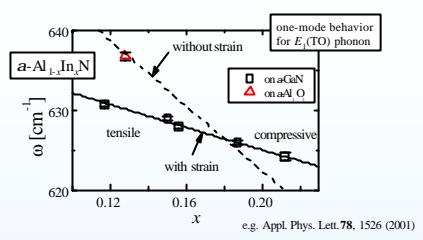
Infrared Ellipsometry



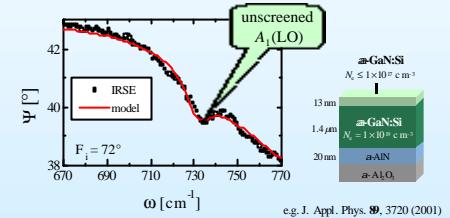
Phonon modes of hexagonal and cubic group-III-nitrides



Strain and composition



Surface carrier depletion layer



Effective carrier masses

We have determined the following values so far:

a-GaN:Si n -conductivity	N_i [cm ⁻³] m_{\perp} [m ₁] m_{\parallel} [m ₁]
1×10^{19}	0.228 ± 0.008 0.237 ± 0.006

a -InN n -conductivity	N_i [cm ⁻³] m_{\perp} [m ₁] m_{\parallel} [m ₁]
8×10^{17}	0.74 ± 0.17

e.g. Phys. Rev. B **62**, 7365 (2000)

AlGaN / GaN superlattice structure

Assumptions

no free carriers in AlGaN barriers

$m_h = 0.8x m_0$ for *p*-type GaN

IRSE results

Al_xGaN_{1-x}

p-GaN

Al_xGaN_{1-x}

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